

- Replace following digits with zeros

#### ANSWER - 340 000

#### Example 2- Round 453 679 to the nearest 100 000

- Step 1 Find the 'round-off digit' 4
- Step 2 Look one digit to the right 5

<u>5 or more</u>? YES – add one to 'round off digit' - Replace following digits with zeros

ANSWER - 500 000

- 5/5 Written methods for subtraction
  - Line up the digits in the correct columns

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Start from RIGHT to LEFT

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e.g. 645 - 427

e.g. 48 + 284 + 9

H T U 6<sup>3</sup>4<sup>4</sup> <sup>1</sup>5 <u>4 2 7</u> -2 1 8

HTU

284

3 4 1

1

4 8

2 **9**+

## 5/6 Mental methods for addition

| •   | Star               | t from LEFT to RIG            | SHT |
|-----|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----|
| Exe | ample              | <u>1</u> - think of:          |     |
| 45  | + <mark>3</mark> 2 | as <b>45</b> + <b>3</b> 0 + 2 |     |
| •   | But                | in your head say:             |     |
| 45  | 75                 | 77                            |     |

Example 2 - think of: 1236 + 415 as 1236 + 400 + 10 + 5 • But in your head say: 1236 1636 1646 1651

### 5/6 Mental methods for subtraction

Example 1 - think of: 56 - 32 as 56 - 30 - 2 • But in your head say: 56 26 24

<u>Example 2</u> - think of: 1236 - 415 as 1236 - 400 - 10 - 5 • But in your head say: 1236 836 826 821

#### 5/7 <u>Multi-step problems</u>

Based upon 5/6. Words associated with addition: (nd) (ntonethe) Words associated with subtraction: (Subtract) (difference) How many more?

### 5/8 <u>Multiples & factors</u>

 <u>FACTORS</u> are what divides exactly into a number

e.g. Factors of 12 are:

Factors of 18 are:

1 12 2 6 3 4 1 18 2 9 3 6

The common factors of 12 & 18 are: 1, 2, 3, 6, <u>The Highest Common Factor is: 6</u>

 MULTIPLES
 are the times table answers

 e.g. Multiples of 5 are:
 Multiples of 4 are:

 5 10 15 20 25 ......
 4 8 12 16 20 .......

The Lowest Common Multiple of 5 and 4 is: 20

#### 5/9 Prime numbers

Prime numbers have only TWO factors

| The factors of 12 are: | Factors of 7 are: |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12      | 1, 7              |
|                        | ▲                 |
|                        |                   |
| 12 is <u>NOT prime</u> | 7 <u>IS prime</u> |
| It is composite        |                   |

#### Prime numbers to 20

| 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  |
|----|----|----|----|----|
| 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |

### The number '1' is NOT prime



#### 5/10 Multiplication using a formal method 5/10 Division using a formal method • By a ONE-DIGIT number • By a ONE-DIGIT number COLUMN METHOD e.g. 3561 x 7 e.g. 9138 ÷ 6 1526 $6)9^{3}1^{1}3^{1}8$ 3561 <u>7x</u> 24927 • By a TWO-DIGIT number 34 e.g. 4928÷32 SAME METHOD e.g. 3561 x 7 GRID METHOD (Except write down some of your tables down first) 32 3000 500 60 7 $\begin{array}{r} 0 \ 1 \ 5 \ 4 \\ 32 \ \overline{)} 4^4 9^{17} 2^{12} 8 \end{array}$ 64 420 49 7 21000 3500 96 128 21000 + 3500 + 420 + 49 = 24927 160 4928 ÷ 32 = **154** • By a TWO-DIGIT number e.g. 4928÷32 ALTERNATE METHOD Divide e.g. 152 x 34 COLUMN METHOD Multiply 152 Subtract 34x Bring down - Make a new number 608 (x4) Divide ... 4560 (x30) 0 1 5 4 32 4928 5168 -3<u>2</u>↓ 172 e.g. 152 x 34 GRID METHOD -160 128 2 100 50 -128 000 30 3000 1500 60 4928 ÷ 32 = 154 4 400 200 8 152 x 34 = 3400 + 1700 + 68 = **5168**

## 5/11 <u>Multiply & divide by 10, 100, 1000</u>

• By moving the decimal point To <u>multiply</u> by 10 move the dp ONE place RIGHT

e.g. 
$$13^{1} \times 10 = 130$$
  
 $3.4 \times 10 = 34$ 

To **divide** by 10 move the dp ONE place LEFT

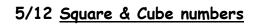
e.g.  $13 \div 10 = 1.3$  $\sqrt{3}.4 \div 10 = 0.34$ 

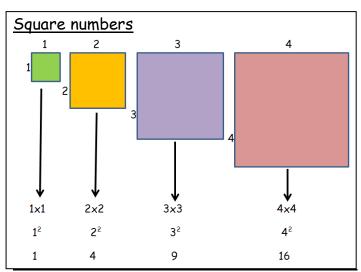
## • By moving the digits

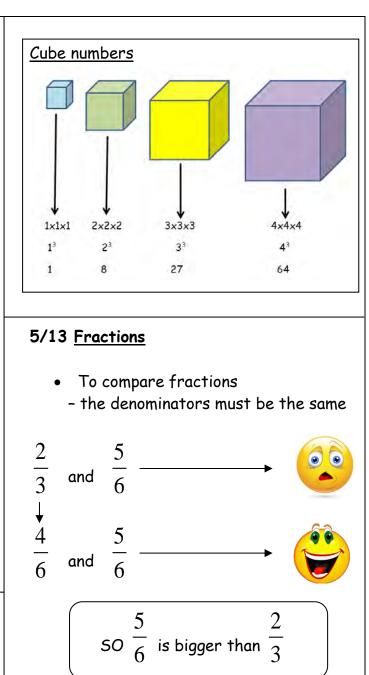
To multiply by 10 move the digits ONE place LEFT

e.g. 3.52 × 10 = 3 5 . 2

To multiply or divide by 100 move TWO places To multiply or divide by 1000 move THREE places



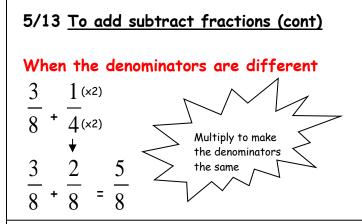




• To add and subtract fractions When the denominators are the same 5 1 6

$$\frac{5}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{6}{8}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} - \frac{1}{8} = \frac{4}{8}$$



## 5/14 Equivalent fractions

These fractions are the same but can be drawn and written in different ways

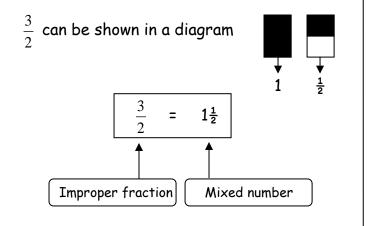
|                            | = |          |  |
|----------------------------|---|----------|--|
|                            |   |          |  |
| $\frac{3}{4}$              | = | 12<br>16 |  |
| $\frac{3}{4}^{(\times 4)}$ | = | 12<br>16 |  |

Fractions can also be divided to make the fraction look simpler - this is called CANCELLING or LOWEST FORM

 $\frac{12}{16} \stackrel{(\div 4)}{(\div 4)} = \frac{3}{4}$ 

## 5/15 Mixed & improper fractions

• An improper fraction is top heavy & can be changed into a mixed number

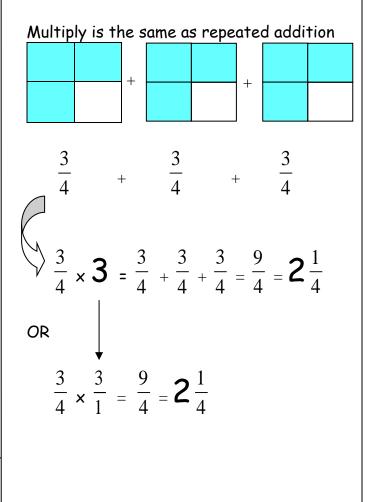


• A mixed number can be changed back into an improper fraction

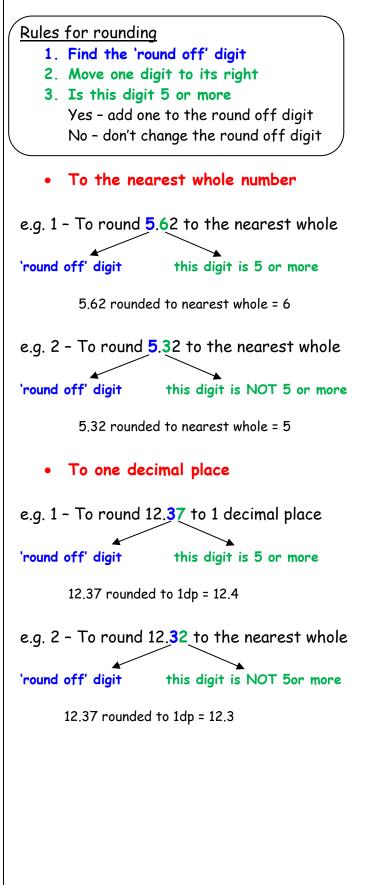
$$l_{\times 2}^{+1} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$P_{x}^{+3} = \frac{11}{4}$$

## 5/16 <u>Multiply fractions</u>



## 5/17 <u>Round decimals</u>



## 5/18 Read & write decimals

The value of each digit is shown in the table

| hundreds | tens | units | • | tenths         | hundredths         | thousandths      |
|----------|------|-------|---|----------------|--------------------|------------------|
| 3        | 5    | 2     | • | 6              | 1                  | 7                |
| 300      | 50   | 2     |   | $\frac{6}{10}$ | $\frac{1}{100}$    | $\frac{7}{1000}$ |
|          | 352  |       |   |                | 51<br>00           | $\frac{7}{1000}$ |
|          | 352  |       |   |                | $\frac{617}{1000}$ | -                |

### 5/18 Order decimals

<u>Example</u> - To order 0.28, 0.3, 0.216

- Write them under each other
- Fill gaps with zeros
- Then order them
- $0.28 \longrightarrow 0.280$   $0.3 \longrightarrow 0.300$  $0.216 \longrightarrow 0.216$

| smallest |  |  |
|----------|--|--|

| Order: | 0.216 | 0.28 |
|--------|-------|------|
|        |       |      |

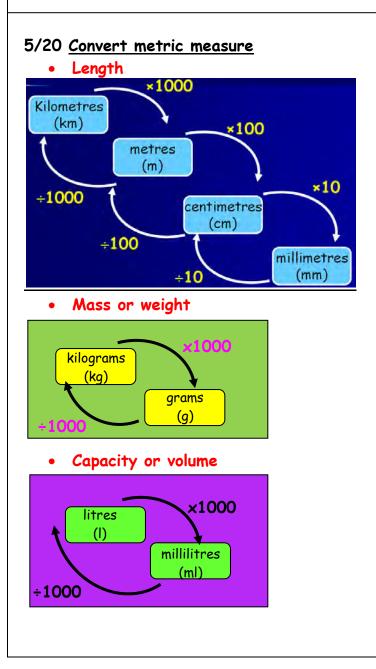
largest 0.3

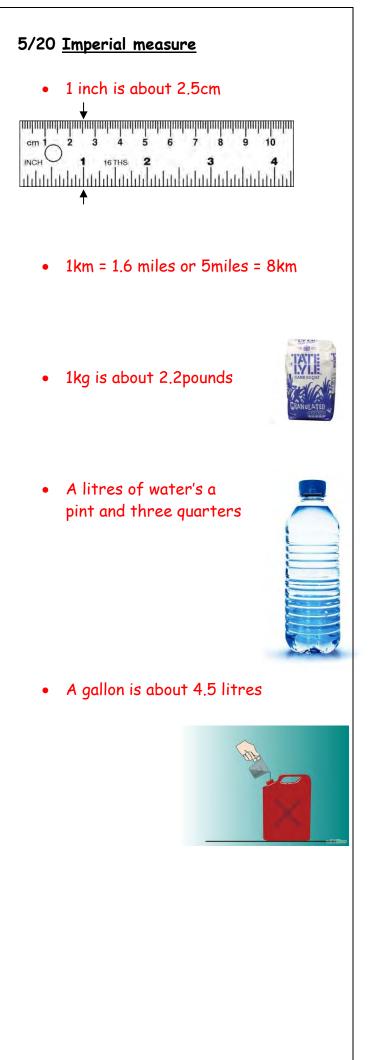
## 5/19 <u>Decimal & Percentage equivalents</u> Learn

| •               |         |            |
|-----------------|---------|------------|
| Fraction        | Decimal | Percentage |
| $\frac{1}{2}$   | 0.5     | 50%        |
| $\frac{1}{4}$   | 0.25    | 25%        |
| $\frac{1}{5}$   | 0.2     | 20%        |
| $\frac{1}{10}$  | 0.1     | 10%        |
| $\frac{1}{100}$ | 0.01    | 1%         |

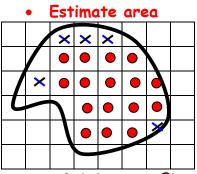
Some fractions have to be changed to be 'out of 100'

| 11(×4) | _ | $\frac{44}{100}$ = 0.44 = 44%   |
|--------|---|---------------------------------|
| 25(x4) | - | $\frac{100}{100} = 0.44 = 44.8$ |





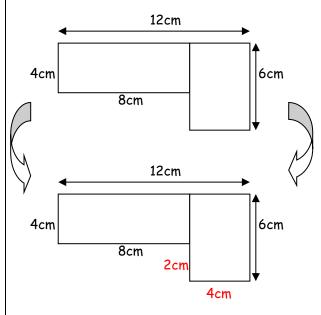
## 5/21 <u>Area & Perimeter</u>



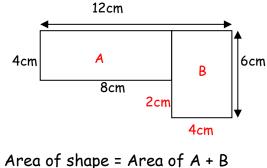
Number of whole squares( $\bigcirc$ ) = 16 Number of  $\frac{1}{2}$  or more ( $\times$ ) = 5 Estimated area = 21 squares

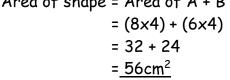
## • Shapes composed of rectangles

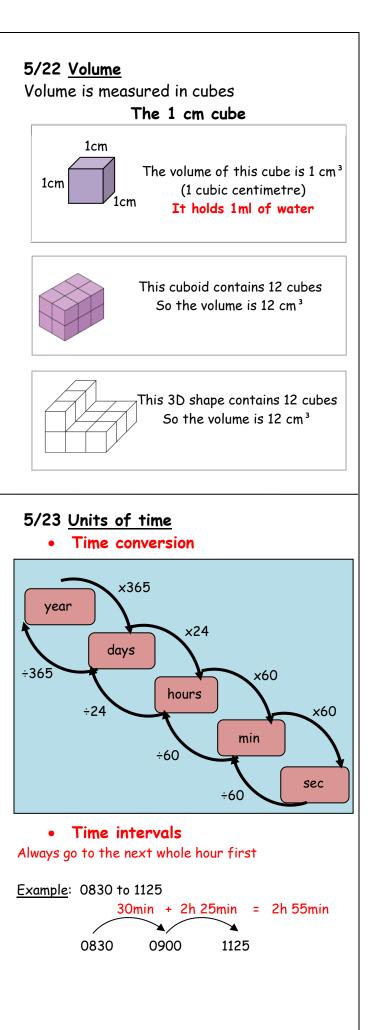
Put on all missing lengths first For perimeter - ADD all lengths round outside For area - split into rectangles & add them together

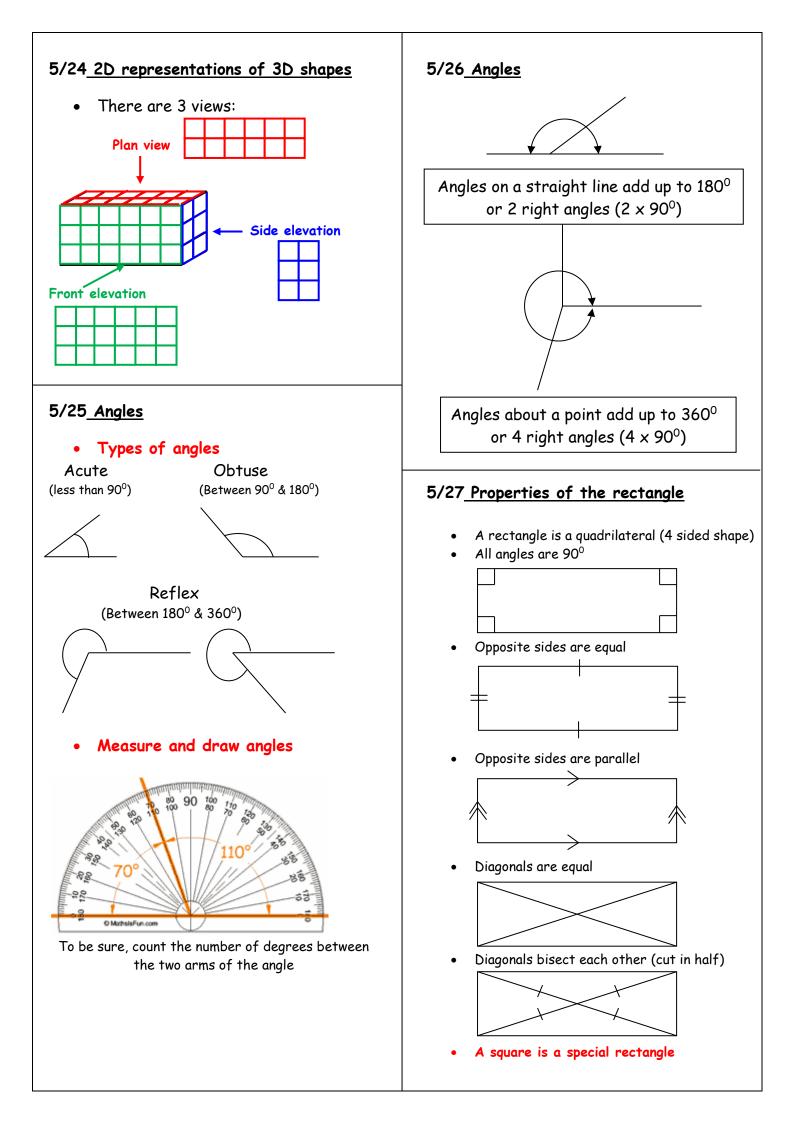


Perimeter = 12 + 6 + 4 + 2 + 8 + 4 = 36cm



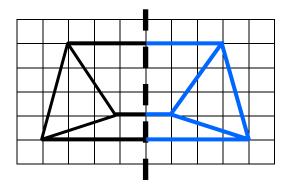




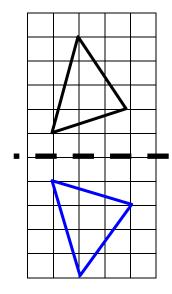


## 5/28 Reflection

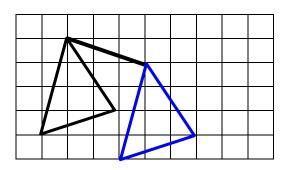
• Reflection in a vertical line



• Reflection in a horizontal line



5/28 Translation - 4 right & 1 down



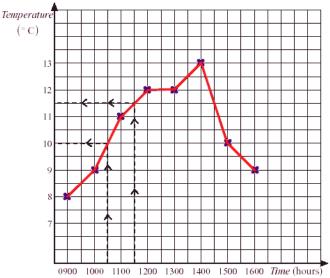
- In reflection and translation the shapes remain the same size and shape – CONGRUENT
- In reflection the shape is flipped over
- In translation the shape stays the same way up

## 5/29 Line graphs

## • Find the difference

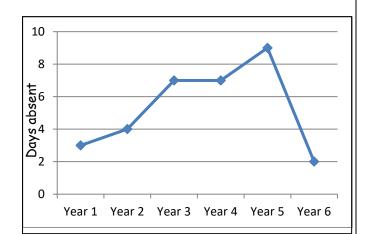
Example 1: What was the difference in temperature between 1030 and 1130?

<u>Answer</u>:  $11.5^{\circ}C - 10^{\circ}C = 1.5^{\circ}C$ 



## • Find the sum of the data

Example: What was the total number of days absent over the 6 years? Answer: 3 + 4 + 7 + 7 + 9 + 2 = 32 days



# 5/30 Interpret information in tables

• Distance table

Example: Find the distance between Leeds and York Answer: 40miles

| Hull |       |            |           |      |
|------|-------|------------|-----------|------|
| 100  | Leeds |            |           |      |
| 162  | 73    | Manchester |           |      |
| 110  | 60    | 65         | Sheffield |      |
| 63   | 40    | 118        | 95        | York |

#### • Timetable

Example: How long is the film? Answer: 1.10 - 2.35 = 1h 25min = 85min

| 6.30am        | Educational programme |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| 7.00          | Cartoons              |
| 7.25          | News and weather      |
| 8.00          | Wildlife programme    |
| 9.00          | Children's programme  |
| 11.30         | Music programme       |
| 12.30pm       | Sports programme      |
| 1.00          | News and weather      |
| 1.10 - 2.35pm | Film                  |

#### • Table of results of goals scored

Example: Did boys or girls score the most goals? Answer: Boys: 6+3+3+6=18 Girls: 7+5=12

Boys scored the most goals

|        | Game 1 | Game 2 | Game 3 | Game 4 | Game 5 | Frequency |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|
| Peter  | 1      | 0      | 0      | 2      | 3      | 6         |
| John   | 0      | 2      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 3         |
| Ryan   | 1      | 0      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 3         |
| Claire | 2      | 0      | 2      | 1      | 2      | 7         |
| Bill   | 3      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 1      | 6         |
| Susan  | 0      | 1      | 3      | 1      | 0      | 5         |